



City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan



**DROP DISTRIBUTION ELECTION FORM**

**PURPOSE:** To be completed by the Plan Member or (*Beneficiary*) eligible for a DROP distribution from the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan, (the "Plan").

**DIRECTIONS:** Make a DROP distribution selection and properly execute *section I and II* of this form. If Option B or C is selected, page two must be completed as prescribed. Return this form in the self-addressed stamped envelope.

**I. Please select option A, B or C below:**

A. **PAY ME:** The Plan is directed to make full payment to me, the member, less any applicable withholding described in the Special Tax Notice received with this election form.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Member                      Soc. Sec. No.                      Date

B. **DIRECT ROLLOVER:** The Plan is directed to mail \$\_\_\_\_\_ of my distribution to \_\_\_\_\_ (Name of Trustee or Plan) for deposit in accordance with the rollover provisions.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Member                      Soc. Sec. No.                      Date

C. **PARTIAL ROLLOVER:** The Plan is directed to mail \$\_\_\_\_\_ of my distribution to me, the member, less any applicable withholding described in the Special Tax Notice received with this election form, and \$\_\_\_\_\_ of my distribution to \_\_\_\_\_ (Name of Trustee or Plan) for deposit in accordance with the rollover provisions.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Member                      Soc. Sec. No.                      Date

**Member must sign acknowledging receipt of the special tax notice provided**

**II. Certification of Receipt**

I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I HAVE HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE AN INFORMED DECISION REGARDING MY OPTIONS, THAT I HAVE BEEN GIVEN THE CHANCE TO CONSIDER THE DECISION WHETHER TO ELECT A DIRECT ROLLOVER FOR AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER MY RECEIPT OF THE SPECIAL TAX NOTICE AND THAT I HAVE BEEN PROVIDED WITH INFORMATION CLEARLY INDICATING THAT I HAVE AT LEAST 30 DAYS TO MAKE THE DECISION, AND I HEREBY WAIVE THE 30 DAY WAITING PERIOD AND ELECT AN IMMEDIATE DISTRIBUTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH MY SELECTION.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Member    Date

**AGREEMENT OF RECEIVING TRUSTEE OR PLAN**

**Note to Member: This page is to be completed by the authorized representative of the receiving Plan or IRA, only if option B or C was selected on page one.**

In accordance with the authorization on page one, we agree to deposit the forthcoming rollover amount from the *City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan* into the following plan or account:

Type of Plan or Account receiving rollover (check one):

- \*  401(a) [401(k), profit-sharing plan, defined benefit plan, money purchase plan, other "eligible employer plan"]
- 403(a) [annuity plan]
- 403(b) [tax-sheltered annuity]
- 457(b) [eligible deferred compensation plan maintained by government employer]
- 408(a) [Traditional IRA (not Roth IRA, Simple IRA or a Coverdell Education Savings Account)]

\* *If rollover includes after-tax contributions to a 401(a) eligible employer plan, the receiving 401(a) plan hereby agrees to accept such rollovers and agrees to separately account for such amounts rolled over including separate accounting for the after-tax employee contributions and earnings on these contributions.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print Name and Title of Authorized Representative

\_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Representative Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Plan Name and Account Number

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mailing Address

\_\_\_\_\_  
City

\_\_\_\_\_  
State

\_\_\_\_\_  
Zip Code

Return to:

**City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan  
13790 NW 4 Street, Suite 105  
Sunrise, Florida 33325**

**SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER COLLECTION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Your social security number is requested for purposes of determining eligibility for retirement benefits as a plan member, retiree or beneficiary; for processing of retirement benefits; for verification of retirement benefits; for income reporting; or for other notice or disclosures related to retirement benefits. Your social security number will be used solely for one or more of these purposes. The collection and use of your social security number is authorized by Section 119.071(5)(a)(2)(a)(II), Florida Statutes.



# City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement System



## Beneficiary Designation Form

- New Member  
  Pre-Retirement  
  DROP Retirement  
  Normal/Early Retirement (Disability)

### EMPLOYEE DATA

Member Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Pension Entry Date : \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Marital Status: \_\_\_\_\_ SS#: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Pager: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Fax: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Cellular: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

### PRIMARY BENEFICIARY

I \_\_\_\_\_ designate the following person as my *primary beneficiary* entitled to receive any benefits due in the event of my death:

(Employee Please Print Name)

Beneficiary Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Relationship: \_\_\_\_\_

Male: \_\_\_ Female: \_\_\_ SS#: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Pager: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Fax: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Cellular: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

*A change in family status (marriage, divorce, etc.) may not effectively change a designation of beneficiary. However, pursuant to Florida Statutes §732,703, divorce or annulment may void the election of a former spouse as a designated beneficiary. To ensure that your assets are paid as you want them to be, keep your beneficiary updated.*

### CONTINGENT BENEFICIARY

I \_\_\_\_\_ designate the following person as my *contingent beneficiary* entitled to receive \_\_\_\_\_% benefits due in the event of my death and that of the primary beneficiary:

(Employee Please Print Name)

Beneficiary Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Relationship: \_\_\_\_\_

Male: \_\_\_ Female: \_\_\_ SS#: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Pager: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Fax: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Cellular: (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Page Two  
City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement System  
Beneficiary Designation Form

**CONTINGENT BENEFICIARY**

I \_\_\_\_\_ designate the following person as my *contingent beneficiary*  
(Employee Please Print Name)  
entitled to receive \_\_\_\_\_% benefits due in the event of my death and that of the primary  
beneficiary:

**Beneficiary Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Relationship:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Male:** \_\_\_ **Female:** \_\_\_ **SS#:** \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ **Date of Birth:** \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**Address:** \_\_\_\_\_ **City:** \_\_\_\_\_ **State:** \_\_\_ **Zip:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Phone:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ **Pager:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

**Fax:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ **Cellular:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

**E-mail Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**CONTINGENT BENEFICIARY**

I \_\_\_\_\_ designate the following person as my *contingent beneficiary*  
(Employee Please Print Name)  
entitled to receive \_\_\_\_\_% benefits due in the event of my death and that of the primary  
beneficiary:

**Beneficiary Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Relationship:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Male:** \_\_\_ **Female:** \_\_\_ **SS#:** \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ **Date of Birth:** \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**Address:** \_\_\_\_\_ **City:** \_\_\_\_\_ **State:** \_\_\_ **Zip:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Phone:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ **Pager:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

**Fax:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ **Cellular:** (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

**E-mail Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing designation of beneficiaries revokes **any and all** prior designations of beneficiaries (if applicable). I also acknowledge that it is **my responsibility** to notify the Board of Trustees of the Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement System (or their designee) should any change in beneficiary be necessitated in the future, or if there is (are) any other change(s) that may affect the accuracy of this form.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Employee's/Retiree's Signature  
\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
Date  
Return to: Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement System, 13790 NW 4 Street, Suite 105, Sunrise, Florida 33325

**Office use only**

**Updated/Entered By:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER COLLECTION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Your social security number is requested for purposes of determining eligibility for retirement benefits as a plan member, retiree or beneficiary; for processing of retirement benefits; for verification of retirement benefits; for income reporting; or for other notice or disclosures related to retirement benefits. Your social security number will be used solely for one or more of these purposes. The collection and use of your social security number is authorized by Section 119.07(5)(a)(2)(a)(II), Florida Statutes.

CITY OF SUNRISE  
POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN AUTHORIZATION FOR  
DEDUCTION FROM RETIREMENT BENEFITS

WHEREAS, Section 185.05(6), Florida Statutes, provides that the Board of Trustees may, upon written request by the retiree of the plan, withhold from the monthly retirement payment those funds that are necessary to pay for benefits received through the governmental entity from which the employee retired;

WHEREAS, retired police officers and their dependents are eligible to participate in the insurance program provided by the City of Sunrise upon the retired police officers or their eligible dependents paying the appropriate premium; and

WHEREAS, Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code was amended by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 to provide beginning January 1, 2007 that "eligible retired public safety officers" will receive up to a \$3,000 taxable income exclusion toward the cost of health insurance if payment of the premiums is made directly to the provider of the accident or health insurance plan by deduction from a distribution from the eligible retirement plan;

1. Therefore, I, the undersigned retired police officer of the City of Sunrise do hereby authorize the Board of Trustees of the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan and the custodian of the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan, Fiduciary Trust International of the South, to deduct from my monthly pension benefits from the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan and to pay directly to the City of Sunrise, and in turn to the provider of accident or health insurance, if applicable, those premiums necessary for the undersigned to maintain coverage with the life, health, accident, hospitalization or annuity insurance provided by the City of Sunrise to retired police officers and their spouses and dependents, which coverage I have elected to maintain. This authorization shall include any increases in the premiums for such insurance which I have elected to maintain coverage.
2. I hereby certify that I am a retired public safety officer as defined by 42 U.S.C. 3796b(9)(A), that I retired from the plan under Normal Retirement (Not Early) or Disability Retirement and I am not receiving a benefit as a terminated vested person.
3. This deduction shall take effect as soon as is administratively possible after directions are received by Fiduciary Trust International of the South from the Board of Trustees, unless a later start date is directed.
4. This deduction shall continue to be in effect until I request that Fiduciary Trust International of the South be given direction from the Board to cease this deduction, unless a later stop date is directed. The custodian shall cease the deduction as soon as is administratively possible.
5. I understand that:
  - A. Every effort will be made to maximize a retiree's annual tax free deductions under this program. However, due to rounding or changing of premiums, differences in alignment between calendar years, taxable years, benefit years and fiscal years, differences between the record keeping and invoicing procedures between the parties involved and due to other administrative matters beyond the control of the parties, neither the Board nor the City makes any guarantee that a retiree will receive the maximum tax free allowance for each benefit year.

B. This program is subject to change at any time based on Internal Revenue Service interpretations, changes to the PPA, or in the case that this program is found to be in conflict with other federal, state or local laws. In the event of a conflict between this program and governmental regulations, official interpretations, or other relevant legal decisions, this program shall be subordinate.

C. This program is furnished by the Board of Trustees of the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan as a customer service to retired participants. Neither the Board nor the City of Sunrise accepts any liability and makes no guarantees regarding the tax implications of any health insurance premiums paid through this program. As always, retirees should consult with a professional tax advisor regarding matters of the taxability or non-taxability of pension and health insurance benefits.

D. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to require retirees participating under this program to pay any such costs as may be assessed by the fund custodian, the plan administrator or the qualified health insurance provider in the future for the processing, disbursement or acceptance of insurance policy premium payments.

E. I understand that the Retirement System is not responsible for lapsed premiums or lapsed insurance policy coverage or any other coverage or benefit issues that may arise between my insurance carrier and myself.

F. I take full responsibility for the accuracy and truth of all the information I have provided and certify that I am entitled to these benefits.

G. I understand that by electing to participate in the federal tax exclusion, I will be decreasing my federal taxable income. This tax exclusion may not apply to state taxation.

H. I understand that I may not request additional tax-preferred treatment of the applicable exclusion amount (up to \$3,000.00 annually), from any other qualified retirement systems (i.e. Governmental defined benefit plans, or 403(b) plans).

I. I understand that the Retirement System is complying with federal law by withholding insurance premiums from my pension benefits. In doing so, the Retirement System is only performing an administrative function and is only responsible for payment of premiums, as required by law.

J. I understand that the health insurance premium withholding may affect tax withholding from my monthly pension annuity.

#### IMPORTANT LEGAL NOTICE

THE IRS HAS NOT PROVIDED GUIDANCE TO DATE ON THE APPLICATION OF THIS PROGRAM. AS A CONDITION OF PARTICIPATION IN THIS PROGRAM, THE MEMBER ACCEPTS ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRUTH OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED TO THE PLAN. IN ADDITION, IN CONSIDERATION OF PARTICIPATION, THE MEMBER AGREES THAT THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM, ITS STAFF OR ADVISORS, AND THE EMPLOYER HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ADDITIONAL TAX LIABILITY, INCLUDING INTEREST AND PENALTIES THAT MAY ARISE FROM PARTICIPATION.

This form may only be executed if you have an insurance deduction made through your retirement payment to the City of Sunrise.

AS THIS WAIVER INVOLVES YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS, YOU ARE ADVISED TO SEEK COMPETENT LEGAL ADVICE PRIOR TO PARTICIPATING IN THE PROGRAM. I UNDERSTAND AND AGREE THAT I HAVE HAD A FULL OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE MY QUESTIONS ANSWERED AND TO SEEK OUTSIDE ADVICE.

WAIVER OF CLAIMS

BY SIGNING THIS FORM, I AGREE THAT I WILL NOT MAKE ANY LEGAL CLAIM OF ANY KIND AGAINST THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM, ITS STAFF AND ADVISORS, AND THE EMPLOYER SHOULD MY PARTICIPATION IN THIS PROGRAM RESULT IN UNEXPECTED TAX LIABILITY TO ME, INCLUDING INTEREST AND PENALTIES. I UNDERSTAND THAT MY ABILITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS PROGRAM IS A VALUABLE BENEFIT FOR WHICH I AM WILLING TO SIGN THIS WAIVER OF ALL CLAIMS. I FURTHER RELEASE THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM, ITS STAFF AND ADVISORS, AND THE EMPLOYER FROM ANY LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE ADMINISTRATION OF PAYMENTS TO ANY INSURER.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Print Name

\_\_\_\_\_ Signature

State of \_\_\_\_\_ County of \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me by means of:

- physical presence or
- online notarization

this \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_, who is personally  
(date) (name or person acknowledging)

known to me or who has produced \_\_\_\_\_ as identification  
(type of identification)

and did (did not) take an oath.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public

Return to:  
Mr. Dave Williams, Pension Administrator  
13790 N.W. 4th Street, Suite 105  
Sunrise, Florida 33325



**CITY OF SUNRISE  
POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN  
13790 N.W. 4<sup>TH</sup> STREET, SUITE # 105  
SUNRISE, FLORIDA 33325**

**AUTHORIZATION FOR AUTOMATIC PAYROLL DEDUCTION**

I, \_\_\_\_\_, a retired member of the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan, hereby authorize the Board of Trustees and/or their representatives to make an automatic payroll deduction from my monthly retirement payment, and to pay for my selected life/healthcare benefit(s) on my behalf with said authorized deduction. I understand this automatic deduction will continue during the term of my retirement (or that of my beneficiary), or until I elect to cancel said deduction. The cancellation notice must be in written form and received at least 30 days prior to such change(s). I understand that any and all change(s) or cancellation(s) in my life/healthcare benefit(s) will be made directly with the City of Sunrise Risk Management Department, who will notify the Board of Trustees.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature/ date

State of \_\_\_\_\_ County of \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me by means of:

physical presence or  
 online notarization

this \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_, who is personally  
(date) (name or person acknowledging)

known to me or who has produced \_\_\_\_\_ as identification  
(type of identification)

and did (did not) take an oath.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public

03-2020



**SUNRISE  
POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN**

**CERTIFICATION OF RECEIPT**

I, \_\_\_\_\_, hereby make application under the provisions of the Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan, for a lump sum distribution of my pension contributions.

I hereby acknowledge that I have received the SPECIAL TAX NOTICE REGARDING PLAN PAYMENTS and the LUMP SUM DISTRIBUTION ELECTION FORM on this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

The SPECIAL TAX NOTICE REGARDING PLAN PAYMENTS gives information regarding my options for a lump sum distribution from the Pension Plan.

I understand that in accordance with Federal law, my lump sum distribution may not be distributed more than 90 days after receipt of the notice. I further have been informed and understand that I have at least 30 days to consider the options set forth in the above described Special Tax Notice, but that I may waive the 30 day period if I feel I have had the opportunity to make an informed decision.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

**IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THIS MATTER.**

**NO DISTRIBUTION WILL BE MADE UNTIL THIS FORM AND THE LUMP SUM DISTRIBUTION ELECTION FORM ARE RECEIVED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES AT:**

**Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan  
13790 N. W 4th Street - Ste. 105  
Sunrise, Florida 33325**

# Direct Deposit Agreement

Plan Name Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan Account Number On File

**Instructions.** If you wish to have pension checks deposited electronically into your financial institution account, **please return this agreement to your former employer or pension fund office**, along with a voided check or voided savings deposit form. If your bank is not a member of the Automated Clearing House (ACH), your former employer or pension fund office will notify you, and this authorization will be canceled. All banking information must be approved and submitted by a Plan Representative.

## 1 PERSONAL INFORMATION

Your Name \_\_\_\_\_ Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_  
 Home Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 FINANCIAL INSTITUTION INFORMATION

Financial Institution Name \_\_\_\_\_ ABA Routing Number \_\_\_\_\_  
 Branch Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_  
 Account Number \_\_\_\_\_ Account Name \_\_\_\_\_

Account Number \_\_\_\_\_ ABA Routing Number \_\_\_\_\_

Account Type (check one):  
 Checking  Savings

## 3 AUTHORIZATION

I authorize Fiduciary Trust Company International to make all benefit payments to which I am entitled by direct deposit to the account designated above. To correct any overpayments made to my account during or after my lifetime, I hereby authorize and direct the financial institution designated above to debit my account and refund such overpayment to Fiduciary Trust Company International.

This authorization is to remain in force until I revoke it in writing or if Fiduciary Trust Company International terminates the direct deposit service. I will send all notices relating to direct deposit through my former employer or pension fund. I understand that I must allow reasonable time for any changes to be executed.

X \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of Plan Participant \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Print Name of Plan Participant

X \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of Authorized Plan Representative

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Print Name of Authorized Plan Representative

## Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments

# 2022

▶ **Give Form W-4P to the payer of your pension or annuity payments.**

<b>Step 1:</b> <b>Enter Personal Information</b>	<b>(a)</b> First name and middle initial	Last name	<b>(b)</b> Social security number
	Address		
	City or town, state, and ZIP code		
	<b>(c)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Single or Married filing separately</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Head of household</b> (Check only if you're unmarried and pay more than half the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual.)		

**Complete Steps 2–4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise, skip to Step 5.** See pages 2 and 3 for more information on each step and how to elect to have no federal income tax withheld (if permitted).

**Step 2:** Complete this step if you (1) have income from a job or more than one pension/annuity, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse receives income from a job or a pension/annuity. **See page 2 for examples on how to complete Step 2.**

Do **only one** of the following.

**(a)** Reserved for future use.

**(b)** Complete the items below.

**(i)** If you (and/or your spouse) have one or more jobs, then enter the total taxable annual pay from all jobs, plus any income entered on Form W-4, Step 4(a), for the jobs less the deductions entered on Form W-4, Step 4(b), for the jobs. Otherwise, enter “-0-” . . . ▶ \$ \_\_\_\_\_

**(ii)** If you (and/or your spouse) have any other pensions/annuities that pay less annually than this one, then enter the total annual taxable payments from all lower-paying pensions/annuities. Otherwise, enter “-0-” . . . ▶ \$ \_\_\_\_\_

**(iii)** Add the amounts from items (i) and (ii) and enter the **total** here . . . ▶ \$ \_\_\_\_\_

**TIP:** To be accurate, submit a 2022 Form W-4P for all other pensions/annuities. Submit a new Form W-4 for your job(s) if you have not updated your withholding since 2019. If you have self-employment income, see page 2.

If (b)(i) is blank and this pension/annuity pays the most annually, complete Steps 3–4(b) on this form. Otherwise, do not complete Steps 3–4(b) on this form.

<b>Step 3:</b> <b>Claim Dependent and Other Credits</b>	If your total income will be \$200,000 or less (\$400,000 or less if married filing jointly): Multiply the number of qualifying children under age 17 by \$2,000 ▶ \$ _____ Multiply the number of other dependents by \$500 . . . ▶ \$ _____ Add other credits, such as foreign tax credit and education tax credits ▶ \$ _____ Add the amounts for qualifying children, other dependents, and other credits and enter the total here . . .	<b>3</b>	\$ _____
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<b>Step 4 (optional):</b> <b>Other Adjustments</b>	<b>(a) Other income (not from jobs or pension/annuity payments).</b> If you want tax withheld on other income you expect this year that won't have withholding, enter the amount of other income here. This may include interest, taxable social security, and dividends . . .	<b>4(a)</b>	\$ _____
	<b>(b) Deductions.</b> If you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result here . . .	<b>4(b)</b>	\$ _____
	<b>(c) Extra withholding.</b> Enter any additional tax you want withheld from <b>each payment</b> . . .	<b>4(c)</b>	\$ _____

**Step 5:**  
**Sign Here**

▶ _____ <b>Your signature</b> (This form is not valid unless you sign it.)	▶ _____ <b>Date</b>
---	------------------------

## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4P, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to [www.irs.gov/FormW4P](http://www.irs.gov/FormW4P).

**Purpose of form.** Complete Form W-4P to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your periodic pension, annuity (including commercial annuities), profit-sharing and stock bonus plan, or IRA payments. Federal income tax withholding applies to the taxable part of these payments. Periodic payments are made in installments at regular intervals (for example, annually, quarterly, or monthly) over a period of more than 1 year. Don't use Form W-4P for a nonperiodic payment (note that distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments) or an eligible rollover distribution (including a lump-sum pension payment). Instead, use Form W-4R, Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments and Eligible Rollover Distributions, for these payments/distributions. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

**Choosing not to have income tax withheld.** You can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your payments by writing "No Withholding" on Form W-4P in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1a, 1b, and 5. Generally, if you are a U.S. citizen or a resident alien, you are not permitted to elect not to have federal income tax withheld on payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions.

**Caution:** If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. If your tax situation changes, or you chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, you should submit a new Form W-4P.

**Self-employment.** Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you (or you and your spouse) receive. If you do not have a job and want to pay these taxes through withholding from your payments, you should enter the self-employment income in Step 4(a). Then compute your self-employment tax, divide that tax by the number of payments remaining in the year, and include that resulting amount per payment in Step 4(c). You can also add half of the annual amount of self-employment tax to Step 4(b) as a deduction. To calculate self-employment tax, you generally multiply the self-employment income by 14.13% (this rate is a quick way to figure your self-employment tax and equals the sum of the 12.4% social security tax and the 2.9% Medicare tax multiplied by 0.9235). See Pub. 505 for more information, especially if your self-employment income multiplied by 0.9235 is over \$147,000.

**Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates.** Do not use Form W-4P. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

**Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks.** If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, write "No Withholding" in the space below Step 4(c). See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

## Specific Instructions

**Step 1(c).** Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

**Step 2.** Use this step if you have at least one of the following: income from a job, income from more than one pension/annuity, and/or a spouse (if married filing jointly) that receives income from a job/pension/annuity. The following examples will assist you in completing Step 2.

**Example 1.** Bob, a single filer, is completing Form W-4P for a pension that pays \$50,000 a year. Bob also has a job that pays \$25,000 a year. Bob has no other pensions or annuities. Bob will enter \$25,000 in Step 2(b)(i) and in Step 2(b)(iii).

If Bob also has \$1,000 of interest income, which he entered on Form W-4, Step 4(a), then he will instead enter \$26,000 in Step 2(b)(i) and in Step 2(b)(iii). He will make no entries in Step 4(a) on this Form W-4P.

**Example 2.** Carol, a single filer, is completing Form W-4P for a pension that pays \$50,000 a year. Carol does not have a job, but she also receives another pension for \$25,000 a year (which pays less annually than the \$50,000 pension). Carol will enter \$25,000 in Step 2(b)(ii) and in Step 2(b)(iii).

If Carol also has \$1,000 of interest income, then she will enter \$1,000 in Step 4(a) of this Form W-4P.

**Example 3.** Don, a single filer, is completing Form W-4P for a pension that pays \$50,000 a year. Don does not have a job, but he receives another pension for \$75,000 a year (which pays more annually than the \$50,000 pension). Don will not enter any amounts in Step 2.

If Don also has \$1,000 of interest income, he won't enter that amount on this Form W-4P because he entered the \$1,000 on the Form W-4P for the higher paying \$75,000 pension.

**Example 4.** Ann, a single filer, is completing Form W-4P for a pension that pays \$50,000 a year. Ann also has a job that pays \$25,000 a year and another pension that pays \$20,000 a year. Ann will enter \$25,000 in Step 2(b)(i), \$20,000 in Step 2(b)(ii), and \$45,000 in Step 2(b)(iii).

If Ann also has \$1,000 of interest income, which she entered on Form W-4, Step 4(a), she will instead enter \$26,000 in Step 2(b)(i), leave Step 2(b)(ii) unchanged, and enter \$46,000 in Step 2(b)(iii). She will make no entries in Step 4(a) of this Form W-4P.

If you are married filing jointly, the entries described above do not change if your spouse is the one who has the job or the other pension/annuity instead of you.



**Multiple sources of pensions/annuities or jobs.** If you (or if married filing jointly, you and/or your spouse) have a job(s), do NOT complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on Form W-4P. Instead, complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on the Form W-4 for the job. If you (or if married filing jointly, you and your spouse) do not have a job, complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on Form W-4P for **only** the pension/annuity that pays the most annually. Leave those steps blank for the other pensions/annuities.

**Step 3.** This step provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 501, Dependents, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information. You can also include **other tax credits** for which you are eligible in this step, such as the foreign tax credit and the education tax credits. Including these credits will increase your payments and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

## Specific Instructions *(continued)*

### Step 4 (optional).

**Step 4(a).** Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include amounts from any job(s) or pension/annuity payments. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your pension, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

**Step 4(b).** Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 6, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2022 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes itemized deductions, the additional standard

deduction for those 65 and over, and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

**Step 4(c).** Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from **each payment**. Entering an amount here will reduce your payments and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

**Note:** If you don't give Form W-4P to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer will withhold tax from your payments as if your filing status is single with no adjustments in Steps 2 through 4. For payments that began before 2022, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a new Form W-4P.

### Step 4(b)—Deductions Worksheet *(Keep for your records.)*



1	Enter an estimate of your 2022 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income . . . . .	1	\$ _____			
2	Enter: <table border="0" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">{</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$25,900 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)</li> <li>• \$19,400 if you're head of household</li> <li>• \$12,950 if you're single or married filing separately</li> </ul> </td> <td style="font-size: 3em; vertical-align: middle;">}</td> </tr> </table> . . . . .	{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$25,900 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)</li> <li>• \$19,400 if you're head of household</li> <li>• \$12,950 if you're single or married filing separately</li> </ul>	}	2	\$ _____
{	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$25,900 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)</li> <li>• \$19,400 if you're head of household</li> <li>• \$12,950 if you're single or married filing separately</li> </ul>	}				
3	If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter the result here. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-" . . . . .	3	\$ _____			
4	If line 3 equals zero, and you (or your spouse) are 65 or older, enter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$1,750 if you're single or head of household.</li> <li>• \$1,400 if you're a qualifying widow(er) or you're married and one of you is under age 65.</li> <li>• \$2,800 if you're married and both of you are age 65 or older.</li> </ul> Otherwise, enter "-0-". See Pub. 505 for more information . . . . .	4	\$ _____			
5	Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040)). See Pub. 505 for more information . . . . .	5	\$ _____			
6	<b>Add</b> lines 3 through 5. Enter the result here and in <b>Step 4(b)</b> on Form W-4P . . . . .	6	\$ _____			

**Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.** We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request federal income tax withholding from pension or annuity payments based on your filing status and adjustments; (b) request additional federal income tax withholding from your pension or annuity payments; (c) choose not to have federal income tax withheld, when permitted; or (d) change a previous Form W-4P. To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws. We may

also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

# CITY OF SUNRISE POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN SPECIAL TAX NOTICE

## YOUR ROLLOVER OPTIONS

You are receiving this notice because all or a portion of a payment you are receiving from the City of Sunrise Police Officers' Retirement Plan (the "Plan") is eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or an employer plan. This notice is intended to help you decide whether to do such a rollover.

This notice describes the rollover rules that apply to payments from the Plan that are not from a designated Roth account (a type of account with special tax rules in some employer plans). If you also receive a payment from a designated Roth account in the Plan, you will be provided a different notice for that payment, and the Plan administrator or the payor will tell you the amount that is being paid from each account.

Rules that apply to most payments from a plan are described in the "General Information About Rollovers" section. Special rules that only apply in certain circumstances are described in the "Special Rules and Options" section.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT ROLLOVERS**

### **How can a rollover affect my taxes?**

You will be taxed on a payment from the Plan if you do not roll it over. If you are under age 59½ and do not do a rollover, you will also have to pay a 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). However, if you do a rollover, you will not have to pay tax until you receive payments later and the 10% additional income tax will not apply if those payments are made after you are age 59½ (or if an exception applies).

### **Where may I roll over the payment?**

You may roll over the payment to either an IRA (an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity) or an employer plan (a tax-qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan) that will accept the rollover. The rules of the IRA or employer plan that holds the rollover will determine your investment options, fees, and rights to payment from the IRA or employer plan (for example, no spousal consent rules apply to IRAs and IRAs may not provide loans). Further, the amount

rolled over will become subject to the tax rules that apply to the IRA or employer plan.

### **How do I do a rollover?**

There are two ways to do a rollover. You can do either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover.

If you do a direct rollover, the Plan will make the payment directly to your IRA or an employer plan. You should contact the IRA sponsor or the administrator of the employer plan for information on how to do a direct rollover.

If you do not do a direct rollover, you may still do a rollover by making a deposit into an IRA or eligible employer plan that will accept it. You will have 60 days after you receive the payment to make the deposit. If you do not do a direct rollover, the Plan is required to withhold 20% of the payment for federal income taxes (up to the amount of cash and property received other than employer stock). This means that, in order to roll over the entire payment in a 60-day rollover, you must use other funds to make up for the 20% withheld. If you do not roll over the entire amount of the payment, the portion not rolled over will be taxed and will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions if you are under age 59½ (unless an exception applies).

### **How much may I roll over?**

If you wish to do a rollover, you may roll over all or part of the amount eligible for rollover. Any payment from the Plan is eligible for rollover, except:

- § Certain payments spread over a period of at least 10 years or over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary)
- § Required minimum distributions after age 70½ (or after death)
- § Hardship distributions
- § ESOP dividends
- § Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations
- § Loans treated as deemed distributions (for example, loans in default due to missed payments before your employment ends)
- § Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan
- § Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution
- § Amounts treated as distributed because of a prohibited allocation of S corporation stock under an ESOP (also, there will generally be adverse tax consequences if you roll over a distribution of S corporation stock to an IRA).

The Plan administrator or the payor can tell you what portion of a payment is eligible for rollover.

**If I don't do a rollover, will I have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions?**

If you are under age 59½, you will have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions for any payment from the Plan (including amounts withheld for income tax) that you do not roll over, unless one of the exceptions listed below applies. This tax is in addition to the regular income tax on the payment not rolled over.

The 10% additional income tax does not apply to the following payments from the Plan:

- \$ Payments made after you separate from service if you will be at least age 55 in the year of the separation
- \$ Payments that start after you separate from service if paid at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over your life or life expectancy (or the lives or joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary)
- \$ Payments from a governmental defined benefit pension plan made after you separate from service if you are a public safety employee and you are at least age 50 in the year of the separation
- \$ Payments made due to disability
- \$ Payments after your death
- \$ Payments of ESOP dividends
- \$ Corrective distributions of contributions that exceed tax law limitations
- \$ Cost of life insurance paid by the Plan
- \$ Payments made directly to the government to satisfy a federal tax levy
- \$ Payments made under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO)
- \$ Payments up to the amount of your deductible medical expenses
- \$ Certain payments made while you are on active duty if you were a member of a reserve component called to duty after September 11, 2001 for more than 179 days
- \$ Payments of certain automatic enrollment contributions requested to be withdrawn within 90 days of the first contribution.

**If I do a rollover to an IRA, will the 10% additional income tax apply to early distributions from the IRA?**

If you receive a payment from an IRA when you are under age 59½, you will have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions from the IRA, unless an exception applies. In general, the exceptions to the 10% additional income tax for early distributions from an IRA are the same as the exceptions listed above for early distributions from a plan. However, there are a few differences for payments from an IRA, including:



- There is no exception for payments after separation from service that are made after age 55.
- § The exception for qualified domestic relations orders (QDROs) does not apply (although a special rule applies under which, as part of a divorce or separation agreement, a tax-free transfer may be made directly to an IRA of a spouse or former spouse).
- § The exception for payments made at least annually in equal or close to equal amounts over a specified period applies without regard to whether you have had a separation from service.
- § There are additional exceptions for (1) payments for qualified higher education expenses, (2) payments up to \$10,000 used in a qualified first-time home purchase, and (3) payments for health insurance premiums after you have received unemployment compensation for 12 consecutive weeks (or would have been eligible to receive unemployment compensation but for self-employed status).

### **Will I owe State income taxes?**

This notice does not describe any State or local income tax rules (including withholding rules).

## **SPECIAL RULES AND OPTIONS**

### **If your payment includes after-tax contributions**

After-tax contributions included in a payment are not taxed. If a payment is only part of your benefit, an allocable portion of your after-tax contributions is included in the payment, so you cannot take a payment of only after-tax contributions. However, if you have pre-1987 after-tax contributions maintained in a separate account, a special rule may apply to determine whether the after-tax contributions are included in a payment. In addition, special rules apply when you do a rollover, as described below.

You may roll over to an IRA a payment that includes after-tax contributions through either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover. You must keep track of the aggregate amount of the after-tax contributions in all of your IRAs (in order to determine your taxable income for later payments from the IRAs). If you do a direct rollover of only a portion of the amount paid from the Plan and at the same time the rest is paid to you, the portion directly rolled over consists first of the amount that would be taxable if not rolled over. For example, assume you are receiving a distribution of \$12,000, of which \$2,000 is after-tax contributions. In this case, if you directly roll over \$10,000 to an IRA that is not a Roth IRA, no amount is taxable because the \$2,000 amount not directly rolled over is treated as being after-tax contributions. If you do a direct rollover of the entire amount paid from the plan to two or more destinations at the same time, you can choose which destination receives the after-tax contributions.

If you do a 60-day rollover to an IRA of only a portion of a payment made to you, the after-tax contributions are treated as rolled over last. For example, assume you are receiving a distribution of \$12,000, of which \$2,000 is after-tax contributions, and no part of the distribution is directly rolled over. In this case, if you roll over \$10,000 to an IRA that is not a Roth IRA in a 60-day rollover, no amount is taxable because the \$2,000 amount not rolled over is treated as being after-tax contributions.

You may roll over to an employer plan all of a payment that includes after-tax contributions, but only through a direct rollover (and only if the receiving plan separately accounts for after-tax contributions and is not a governmental section 457(b) plan). You can do a 60-day rollover to an employer plan of part of a payment that includes after-tax contributions, but only up to the amount of the payment that would be taxable if not rolled over.

### **If you miss the 60-day rollover deadline**

Generally, the 60-day rollover deadline cannot be extended. However, the IRS has the limited authority to waive the deadline under certain extraordinary circumstances, such as when external events prevented you from completing the rollover by the 60-day rollover deadline. To apply for a waiver, you must file a private letter ruling request with the IRS. Private letter ruling requests require the payment of a nonrefundable user fee. For more information, see IRS Publication 590, *Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*.

### **If your payment includes employer stock that you do not roll over**

If you do not do a rollover, you can apply a special rule to payments of employer stock (or other employer securities) that are either attributable to after-tax contributions or paid in a lump sum after separation from service (or after age 59½, disability, or the participant's death). Under the special rule, the net unrealized appreciation on the stock will not be taxed when distributed from the Plan and will be taxed at capital gain rates when you sell the stock. Net unrealized appreciation is generally the increase in the value of employer stock after it was acquired by the Plan. If you do a rollover for a payment that includes employer stock (for example, by selling the stock and rolling over the proceeds within 60 days of the payment), the special rule relating to the distributed employer stock will not apply to any subsequent payments from the IRA or employer plan. The Plan administrator can tell you the amount of any net unrealized appreciation.

### **If you have an outstanding loan that is being offset**

If you have an outstanding loan from the Plan, your Plan benefit may be offset by the amount of the loan, typically when your employment ends. The loan offset amount is treated as a distribution to you at the time of the offset and will be taxed (including the

10% additional income tax on early distributions, unless an exception applies) unless you do a 60-day rollover in the amount of the loan offset to an IRA or employer plan.

**If you were born on or before January 1, 1936**

If you were born on or before January 1, 1936 and receive a lump sum distribution that you do not roll over, special rules for calculating the amount of the tax on the payment might apply to you. For more information, see IRS Publication 575, *Pension and Annuity Income*.

**If your payment is from a governmental section 457(b) plan**

If the Plan is a governmental section 457(b) plan, the same rules described elsewhere in this notice generally apply, allowing you to roll over the payment to an IRA or an employer plan that accepts rollovers. One difference is that, if you do not do a rollover, you will not have to pay the 10% additional income tax on early distributions from the Plan even if you are under age 59½ (unless the payment is from a separate account holding rollover contributions that were made to the Plan from a tax-qualified plan, a section 403(b) plan, or an IRA). However, if you do a rollover to an IRA or to an employer plan that is not a governmental section 457(b) plan, a later distribution made before age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). Other differences are that you cannot do a rollover if the payment is due to an "unforeseeable emergency" and the special rules under "If your payment includes employer stock that you do not roll over" and "If you were born on or before January 1, 1936" do not apply.

**If you are an eligible retired public safety officer and your pension payment is used to pay for health coverage or qualified long-term care insurance**

If the Plan is a governmental plan, you retired as a public safety officer, and your retirement was by reason of disability or was after normal retirement age, you can exclude from your taxable income plan payments paid directly as premiums to an accident or health plan (or a qualified long-term care insurance contract) that your employer maintains for you, your spouse, or your dependents, up to a maximum of \$3,000 annually. For this purpose, a public safety officer is a law enforcement officer, firefighter, chaplain, or member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

**If you roll over your payment to a Roth IRA**

If you roll over the payment from the Plan to a Roth IRA, a special rule applies under which the amount of the payment rolled over (reduced by any after-tax amounts) will be taxed. However, the 10% additional income tax on early distributions will not apply (unless you take the amount rolled over out of the Roth IRA within 5 years, counting from January 1 of the year of the rollover).

If you roll over the payment to a Roth IRA, later payments from the Roth IRA that are qualified distributions will not be taxed (including earnings after the rollover). A qualified distribution from a Roth IRA is a payment made after you are age 59½ (or after your death or disability, or as a qualified first-time homebuyer distribution of up to \$10,000) and after you have had a Roth IRA for at least 5 years. In applying this 5-year rule, you count from January 1 of the year for which your first contribution was made to a Roth IRA. Payments from the Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be taxed to the extent of earnings after the rollover, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies). You do not have to take required minimum distributions from a Roth IRA during your lifetime. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*, and IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*.

### **If you do a rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan**

You cannot roll over a distribution to a designated Roth account in another employer's plan. However, you can roll the distribution over into a designated Roth account in the distributing Plan.<sup>1</sup> If you roll over a payment from the Plan to a designated Roth account in the Plan, the amount of the payment rolled over (reduced by any after-tax amounts directly rolled over) will be taxed. However, the 10% additional tax on early distributions will not apply (unless you take the amount rolled over out of the designated Roth account within the 5-year period that begins on January 1 of the year of the rollover).

If you roll over the payment to a designated Roth account in the Plan, later payments from the designated Roth account that are qualified distributions will not be taxed (including earnings after the rollover). A qualified distribution from a designated Roth account is a payment made both after you are age 59½ (or after your death or disability) and after you have had a designated Roth account in the Plan for at least 5 years. In applying this 5-year rule, you count from January 1 of the year your first contribution was made to the designated Roth account. However, if you made a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the Plan from a designated Roth account in a plan of another employer, the 5-year period begins on January 1 of the year you made the first contribution to the designated Roth account in the Plan or, if earlier, to the designated Roth account in the plan of the other employer. Payments from the designated Roth account that are not qualified distributions will be taxed to the extent of earnings after the rollover, including the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies).

### **If you are not a plan participant**

Payments after death of the participant. If you receive a distribution after the

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<sup>1</sup>Certain pension (usually defined contribution plans) plans may have an optional Roth account. Please contact your Plan Administrator to determine if your Plan has this option. The optional Roth accounts are not required to be offered by the Plan.

participant's death that you do not roll over, the distribution will generally be taxed in the same manner described elsewhere in this notice. However, the 10% additional income tax on early distributions and the special rules for public safety officers do not apply, and the special rule described under the section "If you were born on or before January 1, 1936" applies only if the participant was born on or before January 1, 1936.

**If you are a surviving spouse.** If you receive a payment from the Plan as the surviving spouse of a deceased participant, you have the same rollover options that the participant would have had, as described elsewhere in this notice. In addition, if you choose to do a rollover to an IRA, you may treat the IRA as your own or as an inherited IRA.

An IRA you treat as your own is treated like any other IRA of yours, so that payments made to you before you are age 59½ will be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions (unless an exception applies) and required minimum distributions from your IRA do not have to start until after you are age 70½.

If you treat the IRA as an inherited IRA, payments from the IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. However, if the participant had started taking required minimum distributions, you will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA. If the participant had not started taking required minimum distributions from the Plan, you will not have to start receiving required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA until the year the participant would have been age 70½.

**If you are a surviving beneficiary other than a spouse.** If you receive a payment from the Plan because of the participant's death and you are a designated beneficiary other than a surviving spouse, the only rollover option you have is to do a direct rollover to an inherited IRA. Payments from the inherited IRA will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions. You will have to receive required minimum distributions from the inherited IRA.

Payments under a qualified domestic relations order. If you are the spouse or former spouse of the participant who receives a payment from the Plan under a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO), you generally have the same options the participant would have (for example, you may roll over the payment to your own IRA or an eligible employer plan that will accept it). Payments under the QDRO will not be subject to the 10% additional income tax on early distributions.

### **If you are a nonresident alien**

If you are a nonresident alien and you do not do a direct rollover to a U.S. IRA or U.S. employer plan, instead of withholding 20%, the Plan is generally required to withhold 30% of the payment for federal income taxes. If the amount withheld exceeds the

amount of tax you owe (as may happen if you do a 60-day rollover), you may request an income tax refund by filing Form 1040NR and attaching your Form 1042-S. See Form W-8BEN for claiming that you are entitled to a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty. For more information, see also IRS Publication 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, and IRS Publication 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*.

### **Other special rules**

If a payment is one in a series of payments for less than 10 years, your choice whether to make a direct rollover will apply to all later payments in the series (unless you make a different choice for later payments).

If your payments for the year are less than \$200 (not including payments from a designated Roth account in the Plan), the Plan is not required to allow you to do a direct rollover and is not required to withhold for federal income taxes. However, you may do a 60-day rollover.

Unless you elect otherwise, a mandatory cashout of more than \$1,000 (not including payments from a designated Roth account in the Plan) will be directly rolled over to an IRA chosen by the Plan administrator or the payor. A mandatory cashout is a payment from a plan to a participant made before age 62 (or normal retirement age, if later) and without consent, where the participant's benefit does not exceed \$5,000 (not including any amounts held under the plan as a result of a prior rollover made to the plan).

You may have special rollover rights if you recently served in the U.S. Armed Forces. For more information, see IRS Publication 3, *Armed Forces' Tax Guide*.

### **FOR MORE INFORMATION**

You may wish to consult with the Plan administrator or payor, or a professional tax advisor, before taking a payment from the Plan. Also, you can find more detailed information on the federal tax treatment of payments from employer plans in: IRS Publication 575, *Pension and Annuity Income*; IRS Publication 590-A, *Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*; IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*; and IRS Publication 571, *Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plans (403(b) Plans)*. These publications are available from a local IRS office, on the web at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov), or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

\* \* \*

**I HAVE RECEIVED AND READ THE PRECEDING 9-PAGE  
SPECIAL TAX NOTICE:**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Participant's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Print Clearly Participant's Name

**Note:** Return **ONLY** this last page (numbered 10 of 10) to:

**City of Sunrise Police Officers'  
Retirement Fund  
Dave Williams, Plan Administrator  
13790 N.W. 4<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 105  
Sunrise, FL 33325**